

SHORT COMMUNICATION

THE TRITERPENOIDS OF *TRACHELOSPERMUM ASIATICUM* VAR. *INTERMEDIUM*

ISAO INAGAKI, SUEO HISADA and SANSEI NISHIBE

Faculty of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Nagoya City University, Mizuho-ku, Nagoya, Japan

(Received 3 February 1970)

Plant. *Trachelospermum asiaticum* Nakai var. *intermedium* Nakai—Apocynaceae.

Uses. Medicinal.¹

Previous work. On the glycosides of stems.^{2,3}

The stems extracted with methanol, evaporated to small volume, diluted with water, dark residue, benzene extract of the residue separated into acidic and neutral fractions with aq. alkali. (Neutral fraction, chromatographed on silica gel, eluted by benzene): β -*amyirin acetate*, $C_{32}H_{52}O_2$, m.p., mixed m.p., NMR, TLC and i.r.; β -*amyrin*, $C_{30}H_{50}O$, m.p., mixed m.p., TLC and i.r. of alcohol and acetate; β -*sitosterol*, $C_{29}H_{50}O \cdot \frac{1}{2}H_2O$, m.p., mixed m.p., TLC and i.r. of alcohol and acetate. (Acidic fraction, chromatographed on silica gel, eluted by benzene-EtOAc, 9:1): an unidentified triterpenoid, m.p. 229°, ν_{max}^{KBr} 3480 (hydroxyl) and 1690 (carboxyl) cm^{-1} , LB colour, purple to green. (Precipitation, from benzene by aq. alkali): β -*sitosterol-D-glucoside*, $C_{35}H_{60}O_6$, m.p., mixed m.p., TLC, i.r. of glucoside and glucoside acetate, hydrolysis to β -sitosterol and D-glucose.

Acknowledgements—The authors thank Dr. T. Takemoto, Tohoku University, Dr. J. Shoji, Showa University, for authentic samples and Miss M. Hasegawa for her assistance.

¹ T. Kariyone *et al.*, *A Dictionary of Japanese Medicinal Plants*, p. 229, Hirokawa Publishing, Tokyo (1963).

² M. Miyazaki, H. Watanabe and T. Takano, *Yakugaku Zasshi* 78, 879, 882 (1958).

³ I. Inagaki, S. Hisada and S. Nishibe, *Chem. Pharm. Bull. Japan* 16, 2307 (1968).